

Community Paramedic Program Mobile Integrated Healthcare



Problem Statement

ACCESS to healthcare particularly PRIMARY, URGENT and SPECIALIZED care is a growing CONCERN

Barriers to Accessing Healthcare

MULTIPLE COMORBIDITIES ELDERLY

COMPLEX NEEDS FRAILTY **POOR MOBILITY**

NO SOCIAL SUPPORT RESOURCE RESPONSIVENESS ANXIETY

LOWER SOCIOECONOMICS

IMPAIRED COGNITION INABILITY TO DRIVE

CHRONIC DISEASE PROGRESSION

REDUCED SYSTEM CAPACITY **SYSTEM NAVIGATION**



System Capacity Impact





MIH Program Goals

Patient

Improve access to medical treatment

O Patients remain in their medical home

Reduce 911
and
emergency
department

admission



Community Paramedicine

...is an innovative health care delivery model that applies the paramedic scope of practice to non-emergent medical management.



✓ Support acute episodic illness, usually one to five days ✓ New medical treatment options for people in the community

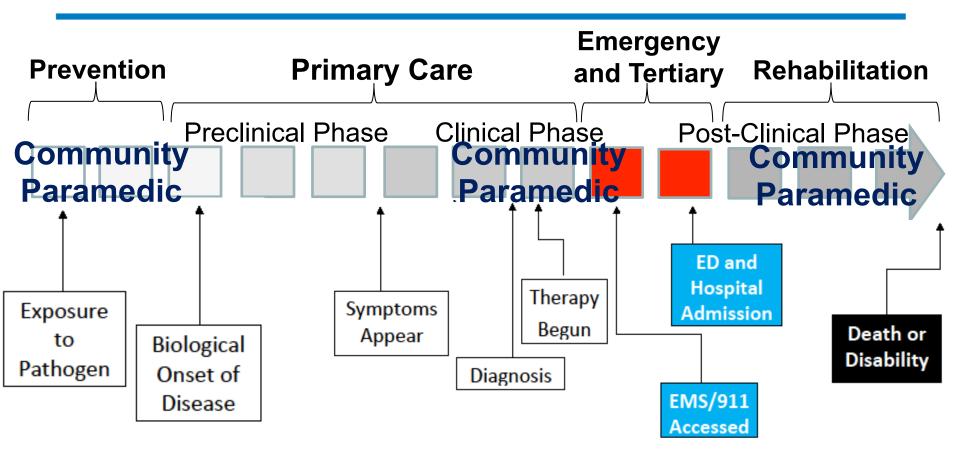


Community Paramedic Program

- ✓ Changing the focus of Paramedic scope of practice
- ✓ New medical treatment options in the community for physicians, medical clinics and patients
- ✓ Community Mobile Medicine



Biomedical Perspective



Delivering health care before emergencies begin



Program Operations

- 7 days a week, 6am-10pm
- 7 Community Paramedic units/day
- 1 City Center Team unit
- Providing services to 500-600 patients/

month

Assess Treat and Refer –
 Coordination Desk





EMS Community Response Teams

- ✓ Single Community Paramedic
- ✓ CCT has 2 Paramedics and can transport
- ✓ Supported with direct Physician consultation
- ✓ No cost to patient



Non-Emergency Response Vehicle





Medical Direction

- Most Responsible Physician Family Physician, Specialist, On-Call Facility Physician
- 2. MIH OLMC Physician





Patient Subsets

- Medically fragile individuals requiring specialized treatments which are necessary to remain out of hospital
- Frail elderly, individuals aging in place or persons
 with developmental disabilities that have limited mobility
 and social support which restricts them from accessing
 needed medical care
- Individuals recently discharged from acute care at-risk for re-admission

Clinical Interventions

Through physician orders, Community Paramedics can provide:

Diagnostics available:

- Specimen collection (blood, urine, swabs)
- •12/15 lead ECGs
- •Vital signs including temperature, blood glucose, SPO2, Side Stream CO2, BP
- Facilitate transports for diagnostic imaging

Treatments available:

- •CVC &IV rehydration
- •IV, SQ, IM, PO, PORT & PICC medication administration including IV antibiotics
- •53 stocked medications
- Blood transfusions
- Urinary catheterization
- Wound closure & care (tissue adhesive, sutures, dressings)
- Oxygen and nebulizer therapy
- Prescription facilitation
- Coordination of community services
- Observational and focused assessments



Community Paramedic Provides









Accessing Services





COMMUNITY PARAMEDIC

1-855-491-5868

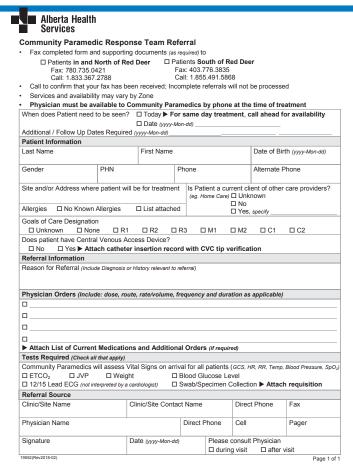








Community Paramedic Referral Form





Can a community paramedic help?





Program Partnerships

- ISFL Calgary Zone
 - Supportive Living (3/4/4D)
 - Long Term Care Sites (LTC)
 - Personal Care Homes (PCH)
- Community Lodges and Contract Service Providers
- AHS Home Care
- PLC Complex Chronic Disease Management Clinic (CCDMC)
- PLC & FMC Cardiac Function Clinic (CFC)
- East Calgary Health Centre Family Care Clinic (FCC)
- Crowfoot & Calgary Foothills Primary Care Networks (PCN)

- RGH ED
- RGH Internal Medicine
- Rapid Access Unit (RAU) at South Health Campus
- Calgary Lab Services (CLS)
- Sheldon M. Chumir Diagnostic Imaging (DI) Department
- AHS EMS & Inter-Facility Transport (IFT)
- Palliative Services
- Public Health (seasonal influenza vaccination campaigns & outbreak support)
- Tom Baker Cancer Centre (TBCC)
- PLC Anticoagulation Clinic
- RGH Complex Care Hub



Health Outcomes

- Study done in 2014 -1598 patient seen
- Each patient was assessed to determine if there was an EMS event within 7 days of being seen by a community paramedic
- 95% of patients treated in place improved
- 5% still required an ED or acute care admission
- No reported adverse outcomes or increase rates of mortality or morbidity



Cost Benefit 2015

A0031665.ED Calgary

Level 5

00085031.Community

Savings when compared to an EMS/ED admission

\$1100.00 per event

187,822 1,718,188 2,091,390 \$ 197,963 6000

2015 Full

Capacity

39,066 146,314

4,860

18

408

243

464 18

482

302

1.038

1,340 101

1,480

1,073

999

\$ 1,893,427 \$ **390**

\$ 359,714

\$ 2,253,141

Number of EMS/ED avoidance ev EMS/ED op costs

Total cost to AHS

fee for service physician consultation

Total cost of Community Paramedic visit

Total number of events

EBO Category

Other expenses

Support Salaries

Salaries and benefits

Medical and surgical supplies

Other contracted services

Number of subsequent ED transports after initial CPP Consult Cost of additional transports due to 5% subsequent ED transports

Total cost of Community Paramedic visit with 5% subsequent ED Transport

Account

Expense

Type

baequent LD Transport

Total cost to AHS fee for service physician consultation

Total Cost including Subsequent ED Transports (5%)

EMS Transport to and from hospital based on 2012-13 Dec YTD operational cost only

ED visit - does not include facility costs - drugs, etc or physician fee for service costs

Total ED transport and visit

fee for service physician visit fee for service physician follow up Total cost of ED transport and visit

Difference

Difference with Subsequent ED Transports (5%)

\$4.8 million annual cost avoidance or cost capacity building



System Capacity Building

There were 6839 patients care events in 2017, helping Albertans avoid unnecessary EMS usage, emergency departments visits, and saving acute care beds.





Questions



http://www.albertahealthservices.ca/9571.asp